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Characteristics of energetic metabolism parameters in Mangalica pig breed

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Introduction

- 1/2 of 19th century: intensive improvement
 → creation new breed types of animals (consumers demand)
- Mangalica breed (from Sumadinka & local Bakony & Szalontay breed in former Ugrian territory)
- period of expansion & falls → present time: renaissance of breeding in Middle-European countries including Slovak Republic again

- farms consist of small populations (level of gene reserves) in purebred form / on the base of crossbreeding (usually Duroc)
- breed is characterized by fat utility type with slow growth & development, good health status, lower level of care needed, lower production & resistance against env.
 conditions

Mangalica







- in this context → biological characteristics of breed on the level of traits and physiological properties, as well as morphological and utilization attributes is of the big importance
- study of interior is important from the aspect of production health of organisms

- effort to □ production properties is moving the parameters of interior ambient outside of the optimum
- together the request of respect of biological
 needs of organism arise, otherwise metabolic
 disorders usually comes into the place

- indicators of preclinical stages of metabolic disorders: met. profiling tests (analytical determination of conc. of metabolites of diagnostic importance)
- investigation of energetic profile
 parameters: important examinations from health & production aspects

- breed genotypes represent significantly different somatic-metabolic types (different state of breeding & improvement)
- identification of reference values of metabolic profile parameters → importance in differentiation of reference interval for categorization according to age, inter-breed differences & other categories

Material and methods

- serum parameters (TL, TC, TG, HDL-C & glucose)
- 32 pigs, 2 age categories (piglets 28–30 days old (n=24) & mature sows, 14–18 months old (n=8))
- animals from farm in the middle part of Slovakia

Results and discussion

- Obtained results of energetic profile serum components represents different values in both investigated age categories
- Significantly □ differences (p<0,01) in glucose levels in benefit of sucklings (7,63 and 6,33 mmol/l)
- differences (p<0,05) in favour of sucklings category were found also in the levels of TC (1,64 & 1,42 mmol/l) & triglycerids (0,71 & 0,42 mmol/l)

- values are significantly □ in comparison to
 TC reference scale (2,6–3,9 mmol/l)
 mentioned by Vrzgula et al. (1990)
- TL values were numerically close and refer
 to the data mentioned by other authors

Lipid profile parameters in different age categories of Mangalica pig breed

Parameter	Sucklings		Mature Sows	Testing
	(n=20)		(n=13)	difference
	x±s	v	x±s v	S
Total lipids (g/l)	5,01±0,44	38,83	5,50±0,65 42,32	0,536 ns
Total cholesterol	1,64±0,08	22,89	1,42±0,06 15,73	0,044*
(mmol/l) HDL cholesterol (mmol/l)	0,92±0,05	25,04	1,00±0,05 19,02	0,262 ns
Triglycerids (mmol/l)	0,71±0,10	59,91	0,42±0,09 76,58	0,034 *
Glucose (mmol/l)	7,63±0,31	18,07	6,33±0,34 19,16	0,008 **

state of energetic metabolism and significant differences in the levels of some markers indicate disunity of metabolism in both age categories of observed genotype of pigs

Conclusion

- energetic profile parameters analyses were
 performed in order to consider the interior of
 metabolism and comparison of values of 2age
 categories of Mangalica
- results correspond with literature sources in values of TL and Glu, TC showed in comparison to other authors □ values

 obtained results of examinations could serve for refinement of physiological values scale
 & characteristics of inter-breed differences
 in pigs

